

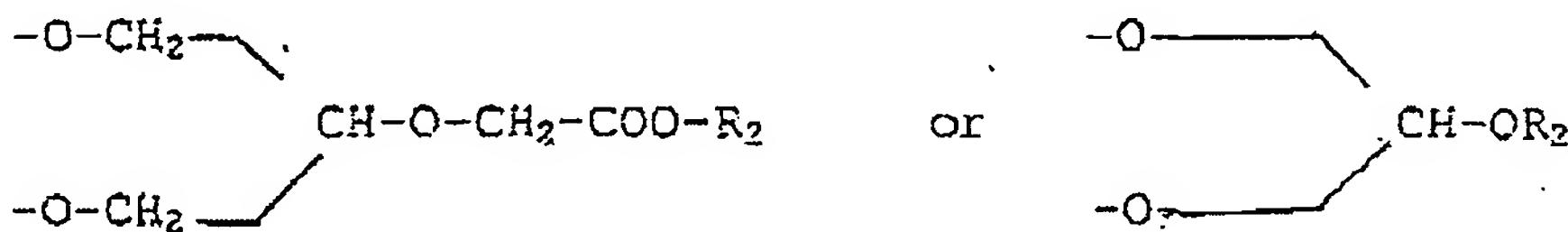
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CLAIMS

1. A novel structure with macromolecules self-organized around nanotubes, characterized in that they  
5 are essentially formed from rings of polymerized lipid compounds surrounding the nanotubes, these polymerized compounds being obtained from lipid compounds comprising one or two chains A linked to a group Z:

- A representing a  $\text{CH}_3-(\text{CH}_2)_m-\text{C}\equiv\text{C}-\text{C}\equiv\text{C}-(\text{CH}_2)_n-$  chain, n and m, which are the same or different, being integers from 1 to 16; and

- Z representing a polar head formed by a  $-\text{COOH}$ ,  $-\text{CO-NH-Y}$ ,  $-\text{NH}_2$  or  $\text{N}^+(\text{R})_3$  group, R being a  $\text{C}_1$  to  $\text{C}_4$  alkyl and Y being a  $-(\text{CH}_2)_4-\text{C}(\text{R}_1)-\text{N}(\text{CH}_2-\text{COOH})_2$  radical, with  $\text{R}_1$  representing H or a COOH radical if A represents a single lipid chain, or a group of the following structure:



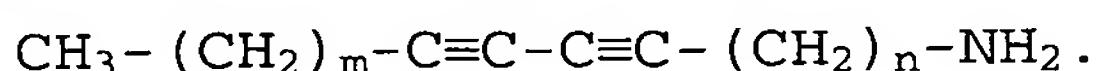
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where  $\text{R}_2$  represents a  $-\text{COOH}$  or  $-\text{CO-NH-Y}_1$  group,  $\text{Y}_1$  being a  $-(\text{CH}_2)_4-\text{C}(\text{R}_3)-\text{N}(\text{CH}_2-\text{COOH})_2$  radical and where  $\text{R}_3$  represents H or a COOH radical;

or Z or  $\text{R}_2$  may also be hydrophilic or neutral polar heads of the sugar or polysaccharide type.

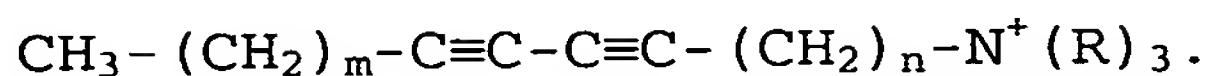
or Z or  $\text{R}_2$  may also be hydrophilic or neutral polar heads, of the sugar or polysaccharide type.

2. The structures as claimed in claim 1,  
30 characterized in that the lipid compounds to be polymerized are amine lipids of formula:



3. The structures as claimed in claim 1,  
35 characterized in that the lipid compounds to be

polymerized are quaternary ammoniums of formula:



4. The structures as claimed in claim 1,  
5 characterized in that the lipid compounds to be  
polymerized are acid lipids with two chains A attached  
to Z.

10 5. The structures as claimed in any one of claims 2  
characterized in that the lipid compounds to be  
polymerized are functionalized by a chelating group.

15 6. The structures as claimed in claim 1,  
characterized in that the lipid compounds to be  
polymerized are functionalized by a neutral hydrophilic  
head of the sugar or polysaccharide type.

20 7. A method of obtaining the structures as claimed in  
any one of claims 1 to 6, characterized in that it  
comprises the steps consisting in:

- bringing the raw nanotubes into contact with a solution of lipids so as to form a stable suspension;
- polymerizing the lipids, which are self-organized around the nanotubes; and
- recovering the nanotubes coated with rings formed by the polymerized lipids.

30 8. The method as claimed in claim 7, characterized in  
that the raw nanotubes are sonicated in a lipid  
solution in a buffered aqueous medium advantageously  
containing a detergent, the latter being subsequently  
removed by dialysis, and then the suspension of  
nanotubes in the aqueous buffer is subjected to a  
treatment for polymerizing the lipids.

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9. A method of purifying nanotubes, characterized in  
that the structures as claimed in any one of claims 1  
to 6 are subjected to a treatment so as to remove the  
rings of polymerized lipid compounds around the

nanotubes.

10. The method as claimed in claim 9, characterized in  
that said structures are subjected to size exclusion  
5 chromatography.

11. The method as claimed in claim 9, characterized in  
that an electric field is applied in order to remove  
the rings.

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12. The method as claimed in claim 9, characterized in  
that said structures are heated in a Tris buffer at a  
temperature above 90°C for about 14 hours in order to  
remove the polymer and restore the stripped nanotubes.

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13. Application of the structures as claimed in any  
one of claims 1 to 6 for protecting the nanotubes and,  
if required, for shortening these nanotubes in a  
controlled manner.

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14. Application of the structures as claimed in any  
one of claims 1 to 6 as vectors for hydrophobic  
molecules or membrane proteins.

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15. Application of the structures as claimed in any  
one of claims 1 to 6 as molecular motors.

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16. Application of the structures as claimed in any  
one of claims 1 to 6 to the vectorization of products,  
especially in the pharmaceutical or cosmetic or  
perfumery field.